# CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1506

Chapter 494, Laws of 2007

60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

ALTERNATIVE PUBLIC WORKS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/01/07 - Except section 104, which becomes effective 05/15/07; and section 508, which becomes effective 06/30/07.

Passed by the House April 17, 2007 Yeas 98 Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 5, 2007 Yeas 47 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 15, 2007, 2:34 p.m.

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1506** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 16, 2007

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1506

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2007 Regular Session

State of Washington 60th Legislature 2007 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Capital Budget (originally sponsored by Representatives Haigh, Armstrong, Hunt and Ormsby)

READ FIRST TIME 02/28/07.

1 AN ACT Relating to alternative public works; amending RCW 2 39.10.010, 39.10.020, 39.10.800, 39.10.810, 39.10.080, 39.10.070, 3 39.10.130, 39.10.120, 60.28.011, and 70.150.070; reenacting and amending RCW 39.10.051 and 39.10.061; adding new sections to chapter 4 5 43.131 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 39.10 RCW; recodifying RCW 39.10.020, 39.10.800, 39.10.810, 39.10.051, 6 39.10.010, 39.10.080, 7 39.10.070, 39.10.061, 39.10.130, 39.10.100, 39.10.090, 39.10.120, 8 39.10.900, and 39.10.901; repealing RCW 39.10.902, 39.10.030, 39.10.040, 39.10.063, 39.10.065, 39.10.067, 39.10.068, 39.10.115, and 9 10 39.10.117; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency.

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

12 **Sec. 1.** RCW 39.10.010 and 1994 c 132 s 1 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

The legislature finds that the traditional process of awarding public works contracts in lump sum to the lowest responsible bidder is a fair and objective method of selecting a contractor. However, under certain circumstances, alternative public works contracting procedures may best serve the public interest if such procedures are implemented in an open and fair process based on objective and equitable criteria. 1 The purpose of this chapter is to authorize the use of certain 2 supplemental alternative public works contracting procedures ((by state 3 agencies and large municipalities under limited circumstances)), to 4 prescribe appropriate requirements to ensure that such contracting 5 procedures serve the public interest, and to establish a process for 6 evaluation of such contracting procedures.

# PART 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

9 Sec. 101. RCW 39.10.020 and 2005 c 469 s 3 are each amended to 10 read as follows:

11 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 12 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Alternative public works contracting procedure" means the 13 design-build ((and the)), general contractor/construction manager, and 14 15 job order contracting procedures authorized in RCW 39.10.051 ((and)), 39.10.061, and 39.10.130 (as recodified by this act), respectively. 16 ((Public bodies eligible to enter into agreements with service 17 providers for the furnishing of services in connection with water 18 19 pollution control facilities under the authority of chapter 70.150 RCW 20 may elect to use either RCW 39.10.051 and 39.10.061 or chapter 70.150 21 RCW as their method of procurement for such services.))

22 (2) (("Public body" means the state department of general administration; the University of Washington; Washington State 23 24 University; every city with a population greater than seventy thousand 25 and any public authority chartered by such city under RCW 35.21.730 through 35.21.755 and specifically authorized as provided in RCW 26 27 39.10.120(4); every county with a population greater than four hundred 28 fifty thousand; every port district with total revenues greater than 29 fifteen million dollars per year; every public hospital district with 30 total revenues greater than fifteen million dollars per year utilizing the design-build procedure authorized by RCW 39.10.051 and every public 31 hospital district, regardless of total revenues, proposing projects 32 33 that are considered and approved by the public hospital district 34 project review board under RCW 39.10.117; every public utility district 35 with revenues from energy sales greater than twenty-three million dollars per year; those school districts proposing projects that are 36

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1 considered and approved by the school district project review board 2 under RCW 39.10.115; and the state ferry system.)) "Board" means the 3 capital projects advisory review board.

4 (3) (("Public works project" means any work for a public body
5 within the definition of the term public work in RCW 39.04.010.))
6 "Committee" means the project review committee.

7 (4) "Design-build procedure" means a contract between a public body 8 and another party in which the party agrees to both design and build 9 the facility, portion of the facility, or other item specified in the 10 contract.

11 (5) "Total contract cost" means the fixed amount for the detailed 12 specified general conditions work, the negotiated maximum allowable 13 construction cost, and the percent fee on the negotiated maximum 14 allowable construction cost.

15 <u>(6) "General contractor/construction manager" means a firm with</u> 16 which a public body has selected and negotiated a maximum allowable 17 construction cost to provide services during the design phase and to 18 act as construction manager and general contractor during the 19 construction phase.

20 <u>(7)</u> "Job order contract" means a contract ((between a public body 21 or any school district and a registered or licensed contractor)) in 22 which the contractor agrees to a fixed period, indefinite quantity 23 delivery order contract which provides for the use of negotiated, 24 definitive work orders for public works as defined in RCW 39.04.010.

25 ((<del>(5)</del>)) <u>(8)</u> "Job order contractor" means a registered or licensed 26 contractor awarded a job order contract.

27 ((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(9) "Maximum allowable construction cost" means the maximum</u> 28 <u>cost of the work to construct the project including a percentage for</u> 29 <u>risk contingency, negotiated support services, and approved change</u> 30 <u>orders.</u>

31 (10) "Negotiated support services" means items a general contractor 32 would normally manage or perform on a construction project including, 33 but not limited to surveying, hoisting, safety enforcement, provision 34 of toilet facilities, temporary heat, cleanup, and trash removal.

35 (11) "Percent fee" means the percentage amount to be earned by the 36 general contractor/construction manager as overhead and profit.

37 (12) "Public body" means any general or special purpose government,

including but not limited to state agencies, institutions of higher education, counties, cities, towns, ports, school districts, and special purpose districts.

4 (13) "Certified public body" means a public body certified to use
5 design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting
6 procedures, or both, under section 107 of this act.

7 (14) "Public works project" means any work for a public body within
 8 the definition of "public work" in RCW 39.04.010.

9 <u>(15) "Total project cost" means the cost of the project less</u> 10 <u>financing and land acquisition costs.</u>

11 (16) "Unit price book" means a book containing specific prices, 12 based on generally accepted industry standards and information, where 13 available, for various items of work to be performed by the job order 14 contractor. The prices may include: All the costs of materials; 15 labor; equipment; overhead, including bonding costs; and profit for 16 performing the items of work. The unit prices for labor must be at the 17 rates in effect at the time the individual work order is issued.

18 (((-7))) (17) "Work order" means an order issued for a definite 19 scope of work to be performed pursuant to a job order contract.

20 Sec. 102. RCW 39.10.800 and 2005 c 377 s 1 are each amended to 21 read as follows:

(1) The ((capital projects advisory review)) board is created in the department of general administration to provide an evaluation of public capital projects construction processes, including the impact of contracting methods on project outcomes, and to advise the legislature on policies related to ((alternative)) public works delivery methods.

27 (2)(a) The ((capital projects advisory review)) board shall consist of the following members appointed by the governor: ((One)) <u>Two</u> 28 construction 29 representatives from general contracting; one representative from the ((design industries)) architectural profession; 30 31 one representative from the engineering profession; two representatives from construction specialty subcontracting; ((one)) two representatives 32 from ((a)) construction trades labor organizations; one representative 33 34 from the office of minority and women's business enterprises; one representative from a higher education institution; one representative 35 36 from the department of general administration; two representatives from 37 <u>private industry;</u> and one representative of a domestic insurer

authorized to write surety bonds for contractors in Washington state.
All appointed members must be ((actively engaged in or authorized to use alternative)) knowledgeable about public works contracting procedures.

5 (b) ((Two)) <u>Three</u> members shall be ((at large)) positions 6 representing <u>different</u> local public owners((. The two at-large 7 positions shall serve on a rotating basis to be determined and 8 appointed)), <u>selected</u> by the association of Washington cities, the 9 Washington state association of counties, and the Washington public 10 ports association, <u>respectively</u>.

(c) One member shall be a ((member of)) representative from the public hospital districts ((project review board)), selected by ((that board, who shall be nonvoting)) the association of Washington public hospital districts.

15 (d) One member shall be a ((member of the)) representative from 16 school districts ((project review board)), selected by ((that board, 17 who shall be nonvoting)) the Washington state school directors' 18 association.

(e) The ((advisory review)) board shall include two members of the house of representatives, one from each major caucus, appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives, and two members of the senate, one from each major caucus, appointed by the president of the senate. Legislative members are nonvoting.

(3) Members selected under subsection (2)(a) of this section shall serve for terms of four years, with the terms expiring on June 30th on the fourth year of the term. ((However, in the case of the initial members, four members shall serve four year terms, four members shall serve three year terms, and three members shall serve a two year term, with each of the terms expiring on June 30th of the applicable year. Appointees may be reappointed to serve more than one term.))

31 (4) The ((capital projects advisory review)) board chair is 32 selected from among the appointed members by the majority vote of the 33 voting members.

(5) Legislative members of the ((capital projects advisory review))
 board shall be reimbursed for travel expenses in accordance with RCW
 44.04.120. Nonlegislative members of the ((capital projects advisory
 review)) board, ((including any subcommittee members, except those

1 representing an employer or organization,)) project review committee
2 members, and subcommittee chairs shall be reimbursed for travel
3 expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

4 (6) If a vacancy occurs of the appointive members of the board, the
5 governor shall fill the vacancy for the unexpired term. Members of the
6 board may be removed for malfeasance or misfeasance in office, upon
7 specific written charges by the governor, under chapter 34.05 RCW.

8 (7) The ((capital projects advisory review)) board shall ((convene 9 as soon as practical after July 1, 2005, and may)) meet as often as 10 necessary ((thereafter)).

(8) ((Capital projects advisory review)) Board members are expected to consistently attend ((review)) board meetings. The chair of the ((capital projects advisory review)) board may ask the governor to remove any member who misses more than two meetings in any calendar year without cause.

16 (9) The department of general administration shall provide staff 17 support as may be required for the proper discharge of the function of 18 the ((capital projects advisory review)) board.

19 (10) The ((capital projects advisory review)) board may establish 20 subcommittees as it desires and may invite nonmembers of the ((capital 21 projects advisory review)) board to serve as committee members.

(11) The board shall encourage participation from persons and entities not represented on the ((capital projects advisory review)) board.

25 **Sec. 103.** RCW 39.10.810 and 2005 c 377 s 2 are each amended to 26 read as follows:

The ((capital projects advisory review)) board has the following powers and duties:

29 (1) ((Develop and recommend to the legislature criteria that may be 30 used to determine effective and feasible use of alternative contracting 31 procedures;

32 (2) Develop and recommend to the legislature qualification 33 standards for general contractors bidding on alternative public works 34 projects;

35 (3)) Develop and recommend to the legislature policies to further 36 enhance the quality, efficiency, and accountability of capital 37 construction projects through the use of traditional and alternative 1 delivery methods in Washington, and make recommendations regarding 2 expansion, continuation, elimination, or modification of the 3 alternative public works contracting methods;

4 (((4))) (2) Evaluate the <u>use of existing contracting procedures and</u>
5 potential future use of other alternative contracting procedures
6 including competitive negotiation contracts;

7 (3) Appoint members of the committee; and

8 <u>(4) Develop and administer questionnaires designed to provide</u> 9 <u>quantitative and qualitative data on alternative public works</u> 10 <u>contracting procedures on which evaluations are based</u>.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 104. PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE--CREATED. (1) 12 The board shall establish a project review committee to review and 13 approve public works projects using the design-build and general 14 contractor/construction manager contracting procedures authorized in 15 RCW 39.10.051 and 39.10.061 (as recodified by this act) and to certify 16 public bodies as provided in section 107 of this act.

17 (2) The board shall, by a majority vote of the board, appoint 18 persons to the committee who are knowledgeable in the use of the 19 design-build and general contractor/construction manager contracting 20 procedures. Appointments must represent a balance among the industries 21 and public owners on the board listed in RCW 39.10.800 (as recodified 22 by this act).

(a) When making initial appointments to the committee, the board
 shall consider for appointment former members of the school district
 project review board and the public hospital district project review
 board.

(b) Each member of the committee shall be appointed for a term of three years. However, for initial appointments, the board shall stagger the appointment of committee members so that the first members are appointed to serve terms of one, two, or three years from the date of appointment. Appointees may be reappointed to serve more than one term.

33 (c) The committee shall, by a majority vote, elect a chair and 34 vice-chair for the committee.

35 (d) The committee chair may select a person or persons on a 36 temporary basis as a nonvoting member if project specific expertise is 37 needed to assist in a review.

(3) The chair of the committee, in consultation with the vice-1 2 chair, may appoint one or more panels of at least six committee members to carry out the duties of the committee. 3 Each panel shall have balanced 4 representation of the private and public sector 5 representatives serving on the committee.

6 (4) Any member of the committee directly or indirectly affiliated 7 with a submittal before the committee must recuse himself or herself 8 from the committee consideration of that submittal.

9 (5) Any person who sits on the committee or panel is not precluded 10 from subsequently bidding on or participating in projects that have 11 been reviewed by the committee.

(6) The committee shall meet as often as necessary to ensure thatcertification and approvals are completed in a timely manner.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 105. PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE DUTIES. The 15 committee shall:

16 (1) Certify, or recertify, public bodies for a period of three 17 years to use the design-build or general contractor/construction 18 manager, or both, contracting procedures for projects with a total 19 project cost of ten million dollars or more;

20 (2) Review and approve the use of the design-build or general 21 contractor/construction manager contracting procedures on a project by 22 project basis for public bodies that are not certified under section 23 107 of this act; and

(3) of 24 Review and approve the use the general contractor/construction manager contracting procedure by certified 25 26 public bodies for projects with a total project cost under ten million 27 dollars.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 106. PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE MEETINGS--OPEN 29 AND PUBLIC. (1) The committee shall hold regular public meetings to 30 carry out its duties as described in section 105 of this act. 31 Committee meetings are subject to chapter 42.30 RCW.

32 (2) The committee shall publish notice of its public meetings at 33 least twenty days before the meeting in a legal newspaper circulated in 34 the area where the public body seeking certification is located, or 35 where each of the proposed projects under consideration will be

constructed. All meeting notices must be posted on the committee's web
 site.

(3) The meeting notice must identify the public body that is 3 seeking certification or project approval, and where applicable, a 4 description of projects to be considered at the meeting. The notice 5 must indicate when, where, and how the public may present comments 6 7 regarding the committee's certification of a public body or approval of a project. Information submitted by a public body to be reviewed at 8 the meeting shall be available on the committee's web site at the time 9 10 the notice is published.

The committee must allow for public comment on 11 (4) the appropriateness of certification of a public body or 12 on the 13 appropriateness of the use of the proposed contracting procedure and 14 the qualifications of a public body to use the contracting procedure. The committee shall receive and record both written and oral comments 15 16 at the public hearing.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 107. PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE--CERTIFICATION OF 17 PUBLIC BODIES. (1) A public body may apply for certification to use 18 19 the design-build or general contractor/construction manager contracting 20 procedure, or both. Once certified, a public body may use the 21 contracting procedure for which it is certified on individual projects with a total project cost over ten million dollars without seeking 22 23 committee approval. The certification period is three years. A public 24 body seeking certification must submit to the committee an application in a format and manner as prescribed by the committee. The application 25 26 must include a description of the public body's qualifications, its capital plan during the certification period, and its intended use of 27 28 alternative contracting procedures.

(2) To certify a public body, the committee shall determine thatthe public body:

31 (a) Has the necessary experience and qualifications to determine 32 which projects are appropriate for using alternative contracting 33 procedures;

34 (b) Has the necessary experience and qualifications to carry out 35 the alternative contracting procedure including, but not limited to: 36 (i) Project delivery knowledge and experience; (ii) personnel with 37 appropriate construction experience; (iii) a management plan and

rationale for its alternative public works projects; (iv) demonstrated success in managing public works projects; (v) demonstrated success in managing at least one general contractor/construction manager or design-build project within the previous five years; (vi) the ability to properly manage its capital facilities plan including, but not limited to, appropriate project planning and budgeting experience; and (vii) the ability to meet requirements of this chapter; and

8 (c) Has resolved any audit findings on previous public works 9 projects in a manner satisfactory to the committee.

10 (3) The committee shall, if practicable, make its determination at 11 the public meeting during which an application for certification is 12 reviewed. Public comments must be considered before a determination is 13 made. Within ten business days of the public meeting, the committee 14 shall provide a written determination to the public body, and make its 15 determination available to the public on the committee's web site.

16 (4) The committee may revoke any public body's certification upon 17 a finding, after a public hearing, that its use of design-build or 18 general contractor/construction manager contracting procedures no 19 longer serves the public interest.

(5) The committee may renew the certification of a public body for 20 21 one additional three-year period. The public body must submit an 22 application for recertification at least three months before the initial certification expires. The application shall include updated 23 24 information on the public body's capital plan for the next three years, 25 its intended use of the procedures, and any other information requested by the committee. The committee must review the application for 26 27 recertification at a meeting held before expiration of the applicant's initial certification period. A public body must reapply for 28 certification under the process described in subsection (1) of this 29 section once the period of recertification expires. 30

31 (6) Certified public bodies must submit project data information as 32 required in RCW 39.10.070 (as recodified by this act) and section 302 33 of this act.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 108. PROJECT REVIEW COMMITTEE--PROJECT APPROVAL 35 PROCESS. (1) A public body not certified under section 107 of this act 36 must apply for approval from the committee to use the design-build or 37 general contractor/construction manager contracting procedure on a

project. A public body seeking approval must submit to the committee an application in a format and manner as prescribed by the committee. The application must include a description of the public body's qualifications, a description of the project, and its intended use of alternative contracting procedures.

6 (2) To approve a proposed project, the committee shall determine 7 that:

8 (a) The alternative contracting procedure will provide a 9 substantial fiscal benefit or the use of the traditional method of 10 awarding contracts in lump sum to the low responsive bidder is not 11 practical for meeting desired quality standards or delivery schedules;

12 (b) The proposed project meets the requirements for using the 13 alternative contracting procedure as described in section 201 or 301 of 14 this act;

(c) The public body has the necessary experience or qualified team 15 16 to carry out the alternative contracting procedure including, but not 17 limited to: (i) Project delivery knowledge and experience; (ii) sufficient personnel with construction experience to administer the 18 19 contract; (iii) a written management plan that shows clear and logical 20 lines of authority; (iv) the necessary and appropriate funding and time to properly manage the job and complete the project; (v) continuity of 21 22 project management team, including personnel with experience managing 23 projects of similar scope and size to the project being proposed; and 24 (vi) necessary and appropriate construction budget;

(d) For design-build projects, construction personnel independent
 of the design-build team are knowledgeable in the design-build process
 and are able to oversee and administer the contract; and

(e) The public body has resolved any audit findings related to previous public works projects in a manner satisfactory to the committee.

(3) The committee shall, if practicable, make its determination at
 the public meeting during which a submittal is reviewed. Public
 comments must be considered before a determination is made.

(4) Within ten business days after the public meeting, the
 committee shall provide a written determination to the public body, and
 make its determination available to the public on the committee's web
 site. If the committee fails to make a written determination within

1 ten business days of the public meeting, the request of the public body 2 to use the alternative contracting procedure on the requested project 3 shall be deemed approved.

4 (5) The requirements of subsection (1) of this section also apply 5 to certified public bodies seeking to use the general 6 contractor/construction manager contracting procedure on projects with 7 a total project cost of less than ten million dollars.

8 (6) Failure of the committee to meet within sixty calendar days of 9 a public body's application to use an alternative contracting procedure 10 on a project shall be deemed an approval of the application.

11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 109. APPEAL PROCESS. Final determinations by 12 the committee may be appealed to the board within seven days by the public body or by an interested party. A written notice of an appeal 13 must be provided to the committee and, as applicable, to the public 14 15 body. The board shall resolve an appeal within forty-five days of 16 receipt of the appeal and shall send a written determination of its 17 decision to the party making the appeal and to the appropriate public 18 body, as applicable. The public body shall comply with the determination of the board. 19

PART 2 DESIGN-BUILD

22 **Sec. 201.** RCW 39.10.051 and 2003 c 352 s 2 and 2003 c 300 s 4 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

24 (1) ((Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and after complying with RCW 39.10.030, the following public bodies may utilize 25 the design-build procedure of public works contracting for public works 26 27 projects authorized under this section: The state department of 28 general administration; the state ferry system; the University of 29 Washington; Washington State University; every city with a population greater than seventy thousand and any public authority chartered by 30 31 such city under RCW 35.21.730 through 35.21.755 and specifically authorized as provided in RCW 39.10.120(4); every county with a 32 population greater than four hundred fifty thousand; every public 33 34 utility district with revenues from energy sales greater than twenty-35 three million dollars per year; every public hospital district with

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total revenues greater than fifteen million dollars per year; and every 1 2 port district with total revenues greater than fifteen million dollars per year. The authority granted to port districts in this section is 3 in addition to and does not affect existing contracting authority under 4 5 RCW 53.08.120 and 53.08.130. For the purposes of this section, "design-build procedure" means a contract between a public body and 6 7 another party in which the party agrees to both design and build the facility, portion of the facility, or other item specified in the 8 contract. 9

10 (2) Public bodies authorized under this section)) Subject to the 11 process in section 107 or 108 of this act, public bodies may utilize 12 the design-build procedure for public works projects ((valued)) in 13 which the total project cost is over ten million dollars and where:

(a) The <u>design and</u> construction activities ((<del>or</del>)), technologies, or <u>schedule</u> to be used are highly specialized and a design-build approach is critical in developing the construction methodology or implementing the proposed technology; or

(b) The project design is repetitive in nature and is an incidentalpart of the installation or construction; or

20 (c) Regular interaction with and feedback from facilities users and 21 operators during design is not critical to an effective facility 22 design.

(2) Subject to the process in section 107 or 108 of this act,
 public bodies may use the design-build procedure for parking garages,
 regardless of cost.

26 (3) ((Public bodies authorized under this section may also use))
27 <u>The design-build procedure also may be used</u> for the ((following
28 projects that meet the criteria in subsection (2)(b) and (c) of this
29 section:

30 (a) The)) construction or erection of preengineered metal buildings
31 or prefabricated modular buildings, regardless of cost((*;* or

32 (b) The construction of new student housing projects valued over 33 five million dollars.

34 (4) Contracts for design build services shall be awarded through a 35 competitive process utilizing public solicitation of proposals for 36 design-build services. The public body shall publish at least once in 37 a legal newspaper of general circulation published in or as near as 38 possible to that part of the county in which the public work will be 1 done, a notice of its request for proposals for design-build services
2 and the availability and location of the request for proposal
3 documents. The request for proposal documents shall include:

4 (a) A detailed description of the project including programmatic, 5 performance, and technical requirements and specifications, functional 6 and operational elements, minimum and maximum net and gross areas of 7 any building, and, at the discretion of the public body, preliminary 8 engineering and architectural drawings;

9

(b) The reasons for using the design-build procedure;

10 (c) A description of the qualifications to be required of the 11 proposer including, but not limited to, submission of the proposer's 12 accident prevention program;

13 (d) A description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and 14 the relative weight of factors. Evaluation factors shall include, but 15 not be limited to: Proposal price; ability of professional personnel; 16 past performance on similar projects; ability to meet time and budget 17 requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the 18 project; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; 19 20 location; and the concept of the proposal;

21 (e) The form of the contract to be awarded;

22 (f) The amount to be paid to finalists submitting best and final 23 proposals who are not awarded a design build contract; and

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(g) Other information relevant to the project.

(5) The public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals based on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the request for proposals. Based on its evaluation, the public body shall select not fewer than three nor more than five finalists to submit best and final proposals. The public body may, in its sole discretion, reject all proposals. Design build contracts shall be awarded using the procedures in (a) or (b) of this subsection.

32 (a) Best and final proposals shall be evaluated and scored based on 33 the factors, weighting, and process identified in the initial request 34 for proposals. The public body may score the proposals using a system 35 that measures the quality and technical merits of the proposal on a 36 unit price basis. Final proposals may not be considered if the 37 proposal cost is greater than the maximum allowable construction cost 38 identified in the initial request for proposals. The public body shall initiate negotiations with the firm submitting the highest scored best and final proposal. If the public body is unable to execute a contract with the firm submitting the highest scored best and final proposal, negotiations with that firm may be suspended or terminated and the public body may proceed to negotiate with the next highest scored firm. Public bodies shall continue in accordance with this procedure until a contract agreement is reached or the selection process is terminated.

8 (b) If the public body determines that all finalists are capable of 9 producing plans and specifications that adequately meet project 10 requirements, the public body may award the contract to the firm that 11 submits the responsive best and final proposal with the lowest price.

12 (6) The firm awarded the contract shall provide a performance and 13 payment bond for the contracted amount. The public body shall provide 14 appropriate honorarium payments to finalists submitting best and final 15 proposals who are not awarded a design build contract. Honorarium 16 payments shall be sufficient to generate meaningful competition among 17 potential proposers on design build projects.

18 (7) The authority provided to the state ferry system in this 19 section is limited to projects concerning construction, renovation, 20 preservation, demolition, and reconstruction of ferry terminals and 21 associated land-based facilities)) and is not subject to approval by 22 the committee.

(4) Except for utility projects, the design-build procedure may not 23 24 be used to procure operations and maintenance services for a period longer than three years. State agency projects that propose to use the 25 26 design-build-operate-maintain procedure shall submit cost estimates for 27 the construction portion of the project consistent with the office of financial management's capital budget requirements. Operations and 28 maintenance costs must be shown separately and must not be included as 29 30 part of the capital budget request.

31 **Sec. 202.** RCW 39.10.080 and 1994 c 132 s 8 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

Notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 39.04.015, a public body using the design-build contracting procedure is authorized to negotiate an adjustment to the lowest bid or proposal price for a public works project ((awarded under RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060)) based upon agreed 1 changes to the contract plans and specifications under the following 2 conditions:

3 (1) All responsive bids or proposal prices exceed the available
4 funds, as certified by an appropriate fiscal officer;

5 (2) The apparent low-responsive bid or proposal does not exceed the 6 available funds by the greater of one hundred twenty-five thousand 7 dollars or two percent for projects valued over ten million dollars; 8 and

9 (3) The negotiated adjustment will bring the bid or proposal price 10 within the amount of available funds.

11 **Sec. 203.** RCW 39.10.070 and 1994 c 132 s 7 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

(1) A public body utilizing the ((alternative public works)) design-build contracting procedure((s authorized under RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060)) shall provide for:

16 (a) ((The preparation of appropriate, complete, and coordinated 17 design documents consistent with the procedure utilized;

18 (b) To the extent appropriate, an independent review of the 19 contract documents through value engineering or constructability 20 studies prior to bid or proposal solicitation;

21 (c)) Reasonable budget contingencies totaling not less than five 22 percent of the anticipated contract value;

23 ((<del>(d) To the extent appropriate, on site architectural or</del> 24 engineering representatives during major construction or installation 25 phases;

26 (e))) (b) Employment of staff or consultants with expertise and 27 prior experience in the management of comparable projects; ((and

28 (f))) (c) Contract documents that include alternative dispute 29 resolution procedures to be attempted prior to the initiation of 30 litigation;

31 (d) Submission of project information, as required by the board;
32 and

33 (e) Contract documents that require the contractor, subcontractors,
 34 and designers to submit project information required by the board.

35 (2) A public body utilizing the ((alternative public works)) 36 <u>design-build</u> contracting procedure((<del>s under RCW 39.10.050 and</del>) 1 39.10.060)) may provide incentive payments to contractors for early
2 completion, cost savings, or other goals if such payments are
3 identified in the request for proposals.

**204.** DESIGN-BUILD CONTRACT 4 NEW SECTION. Sec. AWARD. (1)Contracts for design-build services shall be awarded through a 5 6 competitive process using public solicitation of proposals for design-7 build services. The public body shall publish at least once in a legal 8 newspaper of general circulation published in, or as near as possible to, that part of the county in which the public work will be done, a 9 notice of its request for qualifications from proposers for design-10 11 build services, and the availability and location of the request for proposal documents. The request for qualifications documents shall 12 include: 13

14 (a) A general description of the project that provides sufficient15 information for proposers to submit qualifications;

16

(b) The reasons for using the design-build procedure;

17 (c) A description of the qualifications to be required of the 18 proposer including, but not limited to, submission of the proposer's 19 accident prevention program;

20 (d) A description of the process the public body will use to 21 evaluate qualifications and finalists' proposals, including evaluation 22 factors and the relative weight of factors and any specific forms to be 23 used by the proposers;

(i) Evaluation factors for request for qualifications shall
include, but not be limited to, technical qualifications, such as
specialized experience and technical competence; capability to perform;
past performance of the proposers' team, including the architectengineer and construction members; and other appropriate factors. Cost
or price-related factors are not permitted in the request for
qualifications phase;

(ii) Evaluation factors for finalists' proposals shall include, but not be limited to, the factors listed in (d)(i) of this subsection, as well as technical approach design concept; proposal price; ability of professional personnel; past performance on similar projects; ability to meet time and budget requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the project; recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; and location. Alternatively, if the public body

determines that all finalists will be capable of producing a design 1 2 that adequately meets project requirements, the public body may award the contract to the firm that submits the responsive proposal with the 3 4 lowest price;

5

(e) The form of the contract to be awarded;

(f) The amount to be paid to finalists submitting responsive б 7 proposals and who are not awarded a design-build contract;

8 (g) The schedule for the procurement process and the project; and 9 (h) Other information relevant to the project.

(2) The public body shall establish an evaluation committee to 10 evaluate the responses to the request for qualifications based on the 11 factors, weighting, and process identified in the request for 12 qualifications. Based on the evaluation committee's findings, the 13 public body shall select not more than five responsive and responsible 14 finalists to submit proposals. The public body may, in its sole 15 16 discretion, reject all proposals and shall provide its reasons for 17 rejection in writing to all proposers.

(3) Upon selection of the finalists, the public body shall issue a 18 request for proposals to the finalists, which shall provide the 19 20 following information:

21 (a) A detailed description of the project including programmatic, 22 performance, and technical requirements and specifications; functional and operational elements; minimum and maximum net and gross areas of 23 24 any building; and, at the discretion of the public body, preliminary 25 engineering and architectural drawings; and

26

(b) The target budget for the design-build portion of the project.

27 (4) The public body shall establish an evaluation committee to evaluate the proposals submitted by the finalists. Design-build 28 contracts shall be awarded using the procedures in (a) or (b) of this 29 The public body must identify in the request for 30 subsection. 31 qualifications which procedure will be used.

32 (a) The finalists' proposals shall be evaluated and scored based on the factors, weighting, and process identified in the initial request 33 for qualifications and in any addenda published by the public body. 34 Public bodies may request best and final proposals from finalists. The 35 public body shall initiate negotiations with the firm submitting the 36 highest scored proposal. If the public body is unable to execute a 37 38 contract with the firm submitting the highest scored proposal,

negotiations with that firm may be suspended or terminated and the public body may proceed to negotiate with the next highest scored firm. Public bodies shall continue in accordance with this procedure until a contract agreement is reached or the selection process is terminated.

5 (b) If the public body determines that all finalists are capable of 6 producing a design that adequately meets project requirements, the 7 public body may award the contract to the firm that submits the 8 responsive proposal with the lowest price.

(5) The firm awarded the contract shall provide a performance and 9 10 payment bond for the contracted amount. The public body shall provide appropriate honorarium payments to finalists submitting best and final 11 12 proposals that are not awarded a design-build contract. Honorarium 13 payments shall be sufficient to generate meaningful competition among 14 potential proposers on design-build projects. In determining the amount of the honorarium, the public body shall consider the level of 15 16 effort required to meet the selection criteria.

17

18

## PART 3

# GENERAL CONTRACTOR/CONSTRUCTION MANAGER

19 Sec. 301. RCW 39.10.061 and 2003 c 352 s 3 and 2003 c 300 s 5 are 20 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

21 (((1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and after 22 complying with RCW 39.10.030, a public body may utilize the general 23 contractor/construction manager procedure of public works contracting 24 for public works projects authorized under subsection (2) of this 25 section. For the purposes of this section, "general 26 contractor/construction manager means a firm with which a public body has selected and negotiated a maximum allowable construction cost to be 27 guaranteed by the firm, after competitive selection through formal 28 29 advertisement and competitive bids, to provide services during the 30 design phase that may include life cycle cost design considerations, value engineering, scheduling, cost estimating, constructability, 31 alternative construction options for cost savings, and sequencing of 32 work, and to act as the construction manager and general contractor 33 34 during the construction phase.

35 (2) Except those school districts proposing projects that are 36 considered and approved by the school district project review board and those public hospital districts proposing projects that are considered and approved by the public hospital district project review board)) Subject to the process in section 107 or 108 of this act, public bodies ((authorized under this section)) may utilize the general contractor/construction manager procedure for public works projects ((valued over ten million dollars)) where:

7 (((<del>(a)</del>)) <u>(1)</u> Implementation of the project involves complex 8 scheduling ((requirements)), phasing, or coordination; ((or

9 (b))) (2) The project involves construction at an ((existing)) 10 <u>occupied</u> facility which must continue to operate during construction; 11 ((<del>or</del>)

12 (c)) (3) The involvement of the general contractor/construction 13 manager during the design stage is critical to the success of the 14 project((-

15 (3) Public bodies should select general contractor/construction 16 managers early in the life of public works projects, and in most 17 situations no later than the completion of schematic design.

(4) Contracts for the services of a general contractor/construction 18 19 manager under this section shall be awarded through a competitive process requiring the public solicitation of proposals for general 20 21 contractor/construction manager services. The public solicitation of proposals shall include: A description of the project, including 22 programmatic, performance, and technical requirements and 23 24 specifications when available; the reasons for using the general contractor/construction manager procedure; a description of the 25 26 qualifications to be required of the proposer, including submission of 27 the proposer's accident prevention program; a description of the process the public body will use to evaluate qualifications and 28 29 proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of 30 factors; the form of the contract to be awarded; the estimated maximum allowable construction cost; and the bid instructions to be used by the 31 32 general contractor/construction manager finalists. Evaluation factors shall include, but not be limited to: Ability of professional 33 34 personnel, past performance in negotiated and complex projects, and 35 ability to meet time and budget requirements; the scope of work the 36 general contractor/construction manager proposes to self-perform and 37 its ability to perform it; location; recent, current, and projected 38 work loads of the firm; and the concept of their proposal. A public

body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals. After the 1 2 committee has selected the most qualified finalists, these finalists shall submit final proposals, including sealed bids for the percent 3 fee, which is the percentage amount to be earned by the general 4 contractor/construction manager as overhead and profit, on the 5 6 estimated maximum allowable construction cost and the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work. The public body shall 7 8 select the firm submitting the highest scored final proposal using the 9 evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors published in the public solicitation of proposals. 10

11 (5) The maximum allowable construction cost may be negotiated 12 between the public body and the selected firm after the scope of the 13 project is adequately determined to establish a guaranteed contract cost for which the general contractor/construction manager will provide 14 a performance and payment bond. The guaranteed contract cost includes 15 the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work, 16 the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, the percent fee on 17 the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, and sales tax. If 18 19 the public body is unable to negotiate a satisfactory maximum allowable 20 construction cost with the firm selected that the public body 21 determines to be fair, reasonable, and within the available funds, negotiations with that firm shall be formally terminated and the public 22 23 body shall negotiate with the next highest scored firm and continue 24 until an agreement is reached or the process is terminated. If the maximum allowable construction cost varies more than fifteen percent 25 from the bid estimated maximum allowable construction cost due to 26 27 requested and approved changes in the scope by the public body, the 28 percent fee shall be renegotiated.

(6) All subcontract work shall be competitively bid with public bid 29 openings. When critical to the successful completion of a 30 subcontractor bid package and after publication of notice of intent to 31 determine bidder eligibility in a legal newspaper of general 32 circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the 33 county in which the public work will be done at least twenty days 34 35 before requesting qualifications from interested subcontract bidders, 36 the owner and general contractor/construction manager may determine 37 subcontractor bidding eligibility using the following evaluation 38 criteria:

1	(a) Adequate financial resources or the ability to secure such
2	<del>resources;</del>
3	(b) History of successful completion of a contract of similar type
4	and scope;
5	(c) Project management and project supervision personnel with
6	experience on similar projects and the availability of such personnel
7	for the project;
8	(d) Current and projected workload and the impact the project will
9	have on the subcontractor's current and projected workload;
10	(e) Ability to accurately estimate the subcontract bid package
11	scope of work;
12	(f) Ability to meet subcontract bid package shop drawing and other
13	coordination procedures;
14	(g) Eligibility to receive an award under applicable laws and
15	regulations; and
16	(h) Ability to meet subcontract bid package scheduling
17	requirements.
18	The owner and general contractor/construction manager shall weigh
19	the evaluation criteria and determine a minimum acceptable score to be
20	considered an eligible subcontract bidder.
21	After publication of notice of intent to determine bidder
22	eligibility, subcontractors requesting eligibility shall be provided
23	the evaluation criteria and weighting to be used by the owner and
24	general contractor/construction manager to determine eligible
25	subcontract bidders. After the owner and general
26	contractor/construction manager determine eligible subcontract bidders,
27	subcontractors requesting eligibility shall be provided the results and
28	scoring of the subcontract bidder eligibility determination.
29	Subcontract bid packages shall be awarded to the responsible bidder
30	submitting the low responsive bid. The requirements of RCW 39.30.060
31	apply to each subcontract bid package. All subcontractors who bid work
32	over three hundred thousand dollars shall post a bid bond and all
33	subcontractors who are awarded a contract over three hundred thousand
34	dollars shall provide a performance and payment bond for their contract
35	amount. All other subcontractors shall provide a performance and
36	payment bond if required by the general contractor/construction
37	manager. If a general contractor/construction manager receives a
38	written protest from a subcontractor bidder, the general

1 contractor/construction manager shall not execute a contract for the 2 subcontract bid package with anyone other than the protesting bidder without first providing at least two full business days' written notice 3 4 of the general contractor/construction manager's intent to execute a contract for the subcontract bid package; provided that the protesting 5 6 bidder submits notice in writing of its protest no later than two full business days following bid opening. Intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, 7 8 and legal holidays are not counted. A low bidder who claims error and fails to enter into a contract is prohibited from bidding on the same 9 10 project if a second or subsequent call for bids is made for the 11 project. Except as provided for under subsection (7) of this section, 12 bidding on subcontract work by the general contractor/construction 13 manager or its subsidiaries is prohibited. The general contractor/construction manager may negotiate with the low-responsive 14 bidder in accordance with RCW 39.10.080 or, if unsuccessful in such 15 negotiations, rebid. 16

# 17 (7) The general contractor/construction manager, or its 18 subsidiaries, may bid on subcontract work if:

19 (a) The work within the subcontract bid package is customarily 20 performed by the general contractor/construction manager;

21 (b) The bid opening is managed by the public body; and

22 (c) Notification of the general contractor/construction manager's 23 intention to bid is included in the public solicitation of bids for the 24 bid package.

25 In no event may the value of subcontract work performed by the 26 general contractor/construction manager exceed thirty percent of the 27 negotiated maximum allowable construction cost.

28 (8) A public body may include an incentive clause in any contract awarded under this section for savings of either time or cost or both 29 30 from that originally negotiated. No incentives granted may exceed five percent of the maximum allowable construction cost. If the project is 31 32 completed for less than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction 33 cost, any savings not otherwise negotiated as part of an incentive clause shall accrue to the public body. If the project is completed 34 35 for more than the agreed upon maximum allowable construction cost, 36 excepting increases due to any contract change orders approved by the 37 public body, the additional cost shall be the responsibility of the 38 general contractor/construction manager.

1 (9) The authority provided to the state ferry system in this 2 section is limited to projects concerning construction, renovation, 3 preservation, demolition, and reconstruction of ferry terminals and 4 associated land-based facilities));

5 <u>(4) The project encompasses a complex or technical work</u> 6 <u>environment; or</u>

7 (5) The project requires specialized work on a building that has
8 <u>historic significance</u>.

9 **302.** PROJECT MANAGEMENT NEW SECTION. Sec. AND CONTRACTING 10 REQUIREMENTS. (1)Α public body usinq the general contractor/construction manager contracting procedure shall provide 11 12 for:

13 (a) The preparation of appropriate, complete, and coordinated14 design documents;

(b) Confirmation that a constructability analysis of the design documents has been performed prior to solicitation of a subcontract bid package;

18 (c) Reasonable budget contingencies totaling not less than five 19 percent of the anticipated contract value;

20 (d) To the extent appropriate, on-site architectural or engineering 21 representatives during major construction or installation phases;

(e) Employment of staff or consultants with expertise and prior experience in the management of comparable projects, critical path method schedule review and analysis, and the administration, pricing, and negotiation of change orders;

26 (f) Contract documents that include alternative dispute resolution 27 procedures to be attempted before the initiation of litigation;

(g) Contract documents that: (i) Obligate the public owner to accept or reject a request for equitable adjustment, change order, or claim within a specified time period but no later than sixty calendar days after the receipt by the public body of related documentation; and (ii) provide that if the public owner does not respond in writing to a request for equitable adjustment, change order, or claim within the specified time period, the request is deemed denied;

35 (h) Submission of project information, as required by the board; 36 and (i) Contract documents that require the contractor, subcontractors,
 and designers to submit project information required by the board.

3 (2) A public body using the general contractor/construction manager 4 contracting procedure may include an incentive clause for early 5 completion, cost savings, or other performance goals if such incentives 6 are identified in the request for proposals. No incentives granted may 7 exceed five percent of the maximum allowable construction cost. No 8 incentives may be paid from any contingency fund established for 9 coordination of the construction documents or coordination of the work.

10 (3) If the construction is completed for less than the maximum 11 allowable construction cost, any savings not otherwise negotiated as 12 part of an incentive clause shall accrue to the public body. If the 13 construction is completed for more than the maximum allowable 14 construction cost, the additional cost is the responsibility of the 15 general contractor/construction manager.

(4) If the public body and the general contractor/construction 16 17 manager agree, in writing, on a price for additional work, the public body must issue a change order within thirty days of the written 18 agreement. If the public body does not issue a change order within the 19 thirty days, interest shall accrue on the dollar amount of the 20 21 additional work satisfactorily completed until a change order is 22 issued. The public body shall pay this interest at a rate of one 23 percent per month.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 303. CONTRACT AWARD. (1) Public bodies should select general contractor/construction managers early in the life of public works projects, and in most situations no later than the completion of schematic design.

(2) Contracts for the services of a general contractor/ construction manager under this section shall be awarded through a competitive process requiring the public solicitation of proposals for general contractor/construction manager services. The public solicitation of proposals shall include:

33 (a) A description of the project, including programmatic, 34 performance, and technical requirements and specifications when 35 available;

36 (b) The reasons for using the general contractor/construction 37 manager procedure;

(c) A description of the qualifications to be required of the firm,
 including submission of the firm's accident prevention program;

3 (d) A description of the process the public body will use to
4 evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and
5 the relative weight of factors;

6 (e) The form of the contract, including any contract for 7 preconstruction services, to be awarded;

8

(f) The estimated maximum allowable construction cost; and

9 (g) The bid instructions to be used by the general contractor/ 10 construction manager finalists.

11 (3) Evaluation factors for selection of the general 12 contractor/construction shall include, but not be limited to:

13 (a) Ability of the firm's professional personnel;

14 (b) The firm's past performance in negotiated and complex projects;

15 (c) The firm's ability to meet time and budget requirements;

16 (d) The scope of work the firm proposes to self-perform and its 17 ability to perform that work;

18

(e) The firm's proximity to the project location;

19 (f) Recent, current, and projected work loads of the firm; and

20 (g) The firm's approach to executing the project.

21 (4) A public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the 22 proposals. After the committee has selected the most qualified finalists, these finalists shall submit final proposals, including 23 24 sealed bids for the percent fee on the estimated maximum allowable 25 construction cost and the fixed amount for the general conditions work specified in the request for proposal. The public body shall select 26 27 the firm submitting the highest scored final proposal using the evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors published in the 28 public solicitation of proposals. A public body shall not evaluate or 29 disqualify a proposal based on the terms of a collective bargaining 30 31 agreement.

(5) Public bodies may contract with the selected firm to provide services during the design phase that may include life-cycle cost design considerations, value engineering, scheduling, cost estimating, constructability, alternative construction options for cost savings, and sequencing of work, and to act as the construction manager and general contractor during the construction phase.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE CONSTRUCTION COST. (1) 1 2 The maximum allowable construction cost shall be used to establish a total contract cost for which the general contractor/construction 3 manager shall provide a performance and payment bond. 4 The maximum 5 allowable construction cost shall be negotiated between the public body selected firm when the construction 6 and the documents and 7 specifications are at least ninety percent complete.

(2) Major bid packages may be bid in accordance with section 305 of 8 this act before agreement on the maximum allowable construction cost 9 public body and the selected 10 between the general contractor/construction manager. 11 The general contractor/construction 12 manager may issue an intent to award to the responsible bidder 13 submitting the lowest responsive bid.

14 (3) The public body may, at its option, authorize the general 15 contractor/construction manager to proceed with the bidding and award 16 of bid packages and construction before receipt of complete project 17 plans and specifications. Any contracts awarded under this subsection 18 shall be incorporated in the negotiated maximum allowable construction 19 cost.

(4) The total contract cost includes the fixed amount for the detailed specified general conditions work, the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost, the negotiated support services, and the percent fee on the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost. Negotiated support services may be included in the specified general conditions at the discretion of the public body.

(5) If the public body is unable to negotiate a satisfactory maximum allowable construction cost with the firm selected that the public body determines to be fair, reasonable, and within the available funds, negotiations with that firm shall be formally terminated and the public body shall negotiate with the next highest scored firm and continue until an agreement is reached or the process is terminated.

32 (6) If the maximum allowable construction cost varies more than 33 fifteen percent from the bid estimated maximum allowable construction 34 cost due to requested and approved changes in the scope by the public 35 body, the percent fee shall be renegotiated.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 305. SUBCONTRACT BIDDING PROCEDURE. (1) All 37 subcontract work and equipment and material purchases shall be

1 competitively bid with public bid openings. Subcontract bid packages 2 and equipment and materials purchases shall be awarded to the 3 responsible bidder submitting the lowest responsive bid. In preparing 4 subcontract bid packages, the general contractor/construction manager 5 shall not be required to violate or waive terms of a collective 6 bargaining agreement.

7 (2) All subcontract bid packages in which bidder eligibility was not determined in advance shall include the specific objective criteria 8 that will be used by the general contractor/construction manager and 9 10 the public body to evaluate bidder responsibility. If the lowest bidder submitting a responsive bid is determined by the general 11 12 contractor/construction manager and the public body not to be 13 responsible, the general contractor/construction manager and the public 14 body must provide written documentation to that bidder explaining their intent to reject the bidder as not responsible and afford the bidder 15 the opportunity to establish that it is a responsible bidder. 16 17 Responsibility shall be determined in accordance with criteria listed in the bid documents. Protests concerning bidder responsibility 18 determination by the general contractor/construction manager and the 19 public body shall be in accordance with subsection (4) of this section. 20

21 (3) All subcontractors who bid work over three hundred thousand 22 dollars shall post a bid bond. All subcontractors who are awarded a contract over three hundred thousand dollars 23 shall provide а 24 performance and payment bond for the contract amount. All other 25 subcontractors shall provide a performance and payment bond if required by the general contractor/construction manager. 26

27 (4) If the general contractor/construction manager receives a written protest from a subcontractor bidder or an equipment or material 28 supplier, the general contractor/construction manager shall not execute 29 a contract for the subcontract bid package or equipment or material 30 31 purchase order with anyone other than the protesting bidder without 32 first providing at least two full business days' written notice to all bidders of the intent to execute a contract for the subcontract bid 33 package. The protesting bidder must submit written notice of its 34 35 protest no later than two full business days following the bid opening. 36 Intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays are not counted.

37 (5) A low bidder who claims error and fails to enter into a

contract is prohibited from bidding on the same project if a second or
 subsequent call for bids is made for the project.

3 (6) The general contractor/construction manager may negotiate with 4 the lowest responsible and responsive bidder to negotiate an adjustment 5 to the lowest bid or proposal price based upon agreed changes to the 6 contract plans and specifications under the following conditions:

7 (a) All responsive bids or proposal prices exceed the available
8 funds, as certified by an appropriate fiscal officer;

9 (b) The apparent low responsive bid or proposal does not exceed the 10 available funds by the greater of one hundred twenty-five thousand 11 dollars or two percent for projects valued over ten million dollars; 12 and

13 (c) The negotiated adjustment will bring the bid or proposal price 14 within the amount of available funds.

15 (7) If the negotiation is unsuccessful, the subcontract work or 16 equipment or material purchases must be rebid.

17 (8) The general contractor/construction manager must provide a18 written explanation if all bids are rejected.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 306. GENERAL CONTRACTOR/CONSTRUCTION MANAGER 20 SELF PERFORMANCE OF SUBCONTRACT WORK. (1) Except as provided in this 21 section, bidding on subcontract work or for the supply of equipment or 22 materials by the general contractor/construction manager or its 23 subsidiaries is prohibited.

(2) The general contractor/construction manager, or its
 subsidiaries, may bid on subcontract work or for the supply of
 equipment or materials if:

(a) The work within the subcontract bid package or equipment or
 materials is customarily performed or supplied by the general
 contractor/construction manager;

30 (b) The bid opening is managed by the public body and is in 31 compliance with section 305 of this act; and

32 (c) Notification of the general contractor/construction manager's
 33 intention to bid is included in the public solicitation of bids for the
 34 bid package or for the equipment or materials.

(3) In no event may the general contractor/construction manager or
 its subsidiaries purchase equipment or materials for assignment to
 subcontract bid package bidders for installation or warranty. The

value of subcontract work performed and equipment and materials 1 2 supplied by the general contractor/construction manager may not exceed thirty percent of the negotiated maximum allowable construction cost. 3 support 4 Negotiated services performed by the general 5 contractor/construction manager shall not be considered subcontract work for purposes of this subsection. 6

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 307. PREBID DETERMINATION OF SUBCONTRACTOR 8 ELIGIBILITY. (1) If determination of subcontractor eligibility prior 9 to seeking bids is in the best interest of the project and critical to 10 the successful completion of a subcontract bid package, the general 11 contractor/construction manager and the public body may determine 12 subcontractor eligibility to bid. The general contractor/construction 13 manager and the public body must:

(a) Conduct a hearing and provide an opportunity for any interested
party to submit written and verbal comments regarding the justification
for conducting bidder eligibility, the evaluation criteria, and weights
for each criteria and subcriteria;

(b) Publish a notice of intent to evaluate and determine bidder eligibility in a legal newspaper published in or as near as possible to that part of the county where the public work will be constructed at least fourteen calendar days before conducting a public hearing;

(c) Ensure the public hearing notice includes the date, time, and location of the hearing, a statement justifying the basis and need for performing eligibility analysis before bid opening, and specific eligibility criteria and applicable weights given to each criteria and subcriteria that will be used during evaluation;

(d) After the public hearing, consider written and verbal comments received and determine if establishing bidder eligibility in advance of seeking bids is in the best interests of the project and critical to the successful completion of a subcontract bid package; and

(e) Issue a written final determination to all interested parties. All protests of the decision to establish bidder eligibility before issuing a subcontractor bid package must be filed with the superior court within seven calendar days of the final determination. Any modifications to the eligibility criteria and weights shall be based on comments received during the public hearing process and shall be included in the final determination. 1 (2) Determinations of bidder eligibility shall be in accordance 2 with the evaluation criteria and weights for each criteria established 3 in the final determination and shall be provided to interested persons 4 upon request. Any potential bidder determined not to meet eligibility 5 criteria must be afforded the opportunity to establish its eligibility. 6 Protests concerning bidder eligibility determinations shall be in 7 accordance with subsection (1) of this section.

8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 308. SUBCONTRACT AGREEMENTS. Subcontract 9 agreements used by the general contractor/construction manager shall 10 not:

11 (1)restrict, assiqn Delegate, or the general contractor/construction manager's implied duty not to hinder or delay 12 Nothing in this subsection (1) prohibits the 13 the subcontractor. general contractor/construction manager from requiring subcontractors 14 15 not to hinder or delay the work of the general contractor/construction 16 manager or other subcontractors and to hold subcontractors responsible 17 for such damages;

18 (2) Delegate, restrict, assiqn the or general contractor/construction manager's authority to resolve subcontractor 19 20 conflicts. The general contractor/construction manager may delegate or 21 assign coordination of specific elements of the work, including: (a) 22 The coordination of shop drawings among subcontractors; (b) the 23 coordination among subcontractors in ceiling spaces and mechanical rooms; and (c) the coordination of a subcontractor's lower tier 24 Nothing in this subsection prohibits the general 25 subcontractors. 26 contractor/construction manager from imposing a duty on its 27 subcontractors to cooperate with the general contractor/construction manager and other subcontractors in the coordination of the work; 28

(3) Restrict the subcontractor's right to damages for changes to the construction schedule or work to the extent that the delay or disruption is caused by the general contractor/construction manager or entities acting for it. The general contractor/construction manager may require the subcontractor to provide notice that rescheduling or resequencing will result in delays or additional costs;

35 (4) Require the subcontractor to bear the cost of trade damage 36 repair except to the extent the subcontractor is responsible for the 37 damage. Nothing in this subsection (4) precludes the general

1 contractor/construction manager from requiring the subcontractor to 2 take reasonable steps to protect the subcontractor's work from trade 3 damage; or

(5) Require the subcontractor to execute progress payment 4 5 applications that waive claims for additional time or compensation or bond or retainage rights as a condition of receipt of progress payment, 6 7 except to the extent the subcontractor has received or will receive in this section precludes the general 8 payment. Nothing 9 contractor/construction manager from requiring the subcontractor to provide notice of claims for additional time or compensation as a 10 condition precedent to right of recovery or to execute a full and final 11 12 release, including a waiver of bond and retainage rights, as a 13 condition of final payment.

### PART 4

### JOB ORDER CONTRACTING

16	<b>Sec. 401.</b> RCW 39.10.130 and 2003 c 301 s 1 are each amended to
17	read as follows:
18	(1) The following public bodies are authorized to use the job order
19	contracting procedure:
20	(a) The department of general administration;
21	(b) The University of Washington;
22	(c) Washington State University;
23	(d) Every city with a population greater than seventy thousand and
24	any public authority chartered by such city under RCW 35.21.730 through
25	<u>35.21.755;</u>
26	(e) Every county with a population greater than four hundred fifty
27	thousand;
28	(f) Every port district with total revenues greater than fifteen
29	million dollars per year;
30	(g) Every public utility district with revenues from energy sales
31	greater than twenty-three million dollars per year;
32	(h) Every school district; and
33	<u>(i) The state ferry system.</u>
34	(2) The department of general administration may issue job order
35	contract work orders for Washington state parks department projects.

14

15

1 (3) Public bodies may use a job order contract for public works
2 projects when((÷

(a) A public body has made)) a determination is made that the use 3 job order contracts will benefit the public by providing an 4 of effective means of reducing the total lead-time and cost for the 5 construction of public works projects ((or)) for repair and renovation 6 required at public facilities through the use of unit price books and 7 work orders by eliminating time-consuming, costly aspects of the 8 traditional public works process, which require separate contracting 9 10 actions for each small project((+

11 (b) The work order to be issued for a particular project does not 12 exceed two hundred thousand dollars;

13 (c) Less than twenty percent of the dollar value of the work order 14 consists of items of work not contained in the unit price book; and

15 (d) At least eighty percent of the job order contract must be 16 subcontracted to entities other than the job order contractor.

17 (2) Public bodies shall award job order contracts through a competitive process utilizing public requests for proposals. Public 18 19 bodies shall make an effort to solicit proposals from a certified minority or certified woman-owned contractor to the extent permitted by 20 the Washington state civil rights act, RCW 49.60.400. The public body 21 shall publish, at least once in a legal newspaper of general 22 circulation published in or as near as possible to that part of the 23 24 county in which the public works will be done, a request for proposals 25 for job order contracts and the availability and location of the 26 request for proposal documents. The public body shall ensure that the 27 request for proposal documents at a minimum includes:

(a) A detailed description of the scope of the job order contract including performance, technical requirements and specifications, functional and operational elements, minimum and maximum work order amounts, duration of the contract, and options to extend the job order contract;

33 (b) The reasons for using job order contracts;

34 (c) A description of the qualifications required of the proposer;

35 (d) The identity of the specific unit price book to be used;

36 (e) The minimum contracted amount committed to the selected job 37 order contractor;

(f) A description of the process the public body will use to 1 2 evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and the relative weight of factors. The public body shall ensure that 3 4 evaluation factors include, but are not limited to, proposal price and the ability of the proposer to perform the job order contract. In 5 6 evaluating the ability of the proposer to perform the job order contract, the public body may consider: The ability of the 7 professional personnel who will work on the job order contract; past 8 performance on similar contracts; ability to meet time and budget 9 requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the 10 11 job order contract; recent, current, and projected work loads of the 12 proposer; location; and the concept of the proposal; 13 (q) The form of the contract to be awarded;

14 (h) The method for pricing renewals of or extensions to the job

15 order contract;

# 16 (i) A notice that the proposals are subject to the provisions of 17 RCW 39.10.100; and

18

(j) Other information relevant to the project.

19 (3) A public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the proposals. After the committee has selected the most qualified 20 21 finalists, the finalists shall submit final proposals, including sealed bids based upon the identified unit price book. Such bids may be in 22 23 the form of coefficient markups from listed price book costs. The 24 public body shall award the contract to the firm submitting the highest 25 scored final proposal using the evaluation factors and the relative 26 weight of factors published in the public request for proposals.

27 (4) The public body shall provide a protest period of at least ten business days following the day of the announcement of the apparent 28 successful proposal to allow a protester to file a detailed statement 29 30 of the grounds of the protest. The public body shall promptly make a determination on the merits of the protest and provide to all proposers 31 32 a written decision of denial or acceptance of the protest. The public 33 body shall not execute the contract until two business days following the public body's decision on the protest. 34

35 (5) The public body shall issue no work orders until it has 36 approved, in consultation with the office of minority and women's 37 business enterprises or the equivalent local agency, a plan prepared by 38 the job order contractor that equitably spreads certified women and 1 minority business enterprise subcontracting opportunities, to the 2 extent permitted by the Washington state civil rights act, RCW 3 49.60.400, among the various subcontract disciplines.

4 (6) Job order contracts may be executed for an initial contract 5 term of not to exceed two years, with the option of extending or 6 renewing the job order contract for one year. All extensions or 7 renewals must be priced as provided in the request for proposals. The 8 extension or renewal must be mutually agreed to by the public body and 9 the job order contractor.

10 (7) The maximum total dollar amount that may be awarded under a job 11 order contract shall not exceed three million dollars in the first year 12 of the job order contract, five million dollars over the first two 13 years of the job order contract, and, if extended or renewed, eight 14 million dollars over the three years of the job order contract.

15 (8) For each job order contract, public bodies shall not issue more 16 than two work orders equal to or greater than one hundred fifty 17 thousand dollars in a twelve month contract performance period.

18 (9) All work orders issued for the same project shall be treated as 19 a single work order for purposes of the one hundred fifty thousand 20 dollar limit on work orders in subsection (8) of this section and the 21 two hundred thousand dollar limit on work orders in subsection (1)(b) 22 of this section.

23 (10) Any new permanent, enclosed building space constructed under 24 a work order shall not exceed two thousand gross square feet.

25 (11) Each public body may have no more than two job order contracts
26 in effect at any one time.

27 (12) For purposes of chapters 39.08, 39.12, 39.76, and 60.28 RCW, 28 each work order issued shall be treated as a separate contract. The 29 alternate filing provisions of RCW 39.12.040(2) shall apply to each 30 work order that otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of RCW 31 39.12.040(2).

32 (13) The requirements of RCW 39.30.060 do not apply to requests for 33 proposals for job order contracts.

34 (14) Job order contractors shall pay prevailing wages for all work 35 that would otherwise be subject to the requirements of chapter 39.12 36 RCW. Prevailing wages for all work performed pursuant to each work 37 order must be the rates in effect at the time the individual work order 38 is issued.

(15) If, in the initial contract term, the public body, at no fault 1 2 of the job order contractor, fails to issue the minimum amount of work orders stated in the public request for proposals, the public body 3 shall pay the contractor an amount equal to the difference between the 4 5 minimum work order amount and the actual total of the work orders issued multiplied by an appropriate percentage for overhead and profit б 7 contained in the general conditions for Washington state facility construction. This will be the contractor's sole remedy. 8

9 (16) All job order contracts awarded under this section must be 10 executed before July 1, 2007, however the job order contract may be 11 extended or renewed as provided for in this section.

12 (17) For purposes of this section, "public body" includes any 13 school district)).

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 402. CONTRACT AWARD. (1) Job order contracts 15 shall be awarded through a competitive process using public requests 16 for proposals.

17 (2) The public body shall make an effort to solicit proposals from
 18 certified minority or certified woman-owned contractors to the extent
 19 permitted by the Washington state civil rights act, RCW 49.60.400.

(3) The public body shall publish, at least once in a statewide publication and legal newspaper of general circulation published in every county in which the public works project is anticipated, a request for proposals for job order contracts and the availability and location of the request for proposal documents. The public body shall ensure that the request for proposal documents at a minimum includes:

(a) A detailed description of the scope of the job order contract
including performance, technical requirements and specifications,
functional and operational elements, minimum and maximum work order
amounts, duration of the contract, and options to extend the job order
contract;

31

(b) The reasons for using job order contracts;

32 (c) A description of the qualifications required of the proposer;

33 (d) The identity of the specific unit price book to be used;

34 (e) The minimum contracted amount committed to the selected job 35 order contractor;

36 (f) A description of the process the public body will use to 37 evaluate qualifications and proposals, including evaluation factors and

the relative weight of factors. The public body shall ensure that 1 2 evaluation factors include, but are not limited to, proposal price and the ability of the proposer to perform the job order contract. 3 In evaluating the ability of the proposer to perform the job order 4 5 contract, the public body may consider: The ability of the professional personnel who will work on the job order contract; past 6 7 performance on similar contracts; ability to meet time and budget requirements; ability to provide a performance and payment bond for the 8 job order contract; recent, current, and projected work loads of the 9 proposer; location; and the concept of the proposal; 10

11

(g) The form of the contract to be awarded;

(h) The method for pricing renewals of or extensions to the joborder contract;

(i) A notice that the proposals are subject to RCW 39.10.100 (asrecodified by this act); and

16

(j) Other information relevant to the project.

(4) A public body shall establish a committee to evaluate the 17 After the committee has selected the most qualified 18 proposals. finalists, the finalists shall submit final proposals, including sealed 19 bids based upon the identified unit price book. Such bids may be in 20 21 the form of coefficient markups from listed price book costs. The 22 public body shall award the contract to the firm submitting the highest 23 scored final proposal using the evaluation factors and the relative 24 weight of factors published in the public request for proposals and 25 will notify the board of the award of the contract.

(5) The public body shall provide a protest period of at least ten 26 27 business days following the day of the announcement of the apparent successful proposal to allow a protester to file a detailed statement 28 of the grounds of the protest. The public body shall promptly make a 29 determination on the merits of the protest and provide to all proposers 30 31 a written decision of denial or acceptance of the protest. The public 32 body shall not execute the contract until two business days following 33 the public body's decision on the protest.

34 (6) The requirements of RCW 39.30.060 do not apply to requests for35 proposals for job order contracts.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 403. JOB ORDER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS. (1) The

maximum total dollar amount that may be awarded under a job order 1 2 contract is four million dollars per year for a maximum of three years. (2) Job order contracts may be executed for an initial contract 3 term of not to exceed two years, with the option of extending or 4 5 renewing the job order contract for one year. All extensions or renewals must be priced as provided in the request for proposals. 6 The 7 extension or renewal must be mutually agreed to by the public body and 8 the job order contractor.

9 (3) A public body may have no more than two job order contracts in 10 effect at any one time, with the exception of the department of general 11 administration, which may have four job order contracts in effect at 12 any one time.

13 (4) At least ninety percent of work contained in a job order 14 contract must be subcontracted to entities other than the job order 15 contractor. The job order contractor must distribute contracts as 16 equitably as possible among qualified and available subcontractors 17 including minority and woman-owned subcontractors to the extent 18 permitted by law.

19 (5) The job order contractor shall publish notification of intent 20 to perform public works projects at the beginning of each contract year 21 in a statewide publication and in a legal newspaper of general 22 circulation in every county in which the public works projects are 23 anticipated.

(6) Job order contractors shall pay prevailing wages for all work
that would otherwise be subject to the requirements of chapter 39.12
RCW. Prevailing wages for all work performed pursuant to each work
order must be the rates in effect at the time the individual work order
is issued.

(7) If, in the initial contract term, the public body, at no fault 29 of the job order contractor, fails to issue the minimum amount of work 30 31 orders stated in the public request for proposals, the public body 32 shall pay the contractor an amount equal to the difference between the minimum work order amount and the actual total of the work orders 33 issued multiplied by an appropriate percentage for overhead and profit 34 contained in the contract award coefficient for services as specified 35 in the request for proposals. This is the contractor's sole remedy. 36

37 (8) All job order contracts awarded under this section must be

signed before July 1, 2013; however the job order contract may be
 extended or renewed as provided for in this section.

3 (9) Public bodies may amend job order contracts awarded prior to4 July 1, 2007, in accordance with this chapter.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 404. WORK ORDERS. (1) The maximum dollar 6 amount for a work order is three hundred fifty thousand dollars. For 7 each job order contract, public bodies shall not issue more than two 8 work orders equal to or greater than three hundred thousand dollars in 9 a twelve-month contract period.

(2) All work orders issued for the same project shall be treated asa single work order for purposes of the dollar limit on work orders.

12 (3) No more than twenty percent of the dollar value of a work order13 may consist of items of work not contained in the unit price book.

14 (4) Any new permanent, enclosed building space constructed under a 15 work order shall not exceed two thousand gross square feet.

16 (5) A public body may issue no work orders under a job order 17 contract until it has approved, in consultation with the office of 18 minority and women's business enterprises or the equivalent local 19 agency, a plan prepared by the job order contractor that equitably 20 spreads certified women and minority business enterprise subcontracting 21 opportunities, to the extent permitted by the Washington state civil 22 rights act, RCW 49.60.400, among the various subcontract disciplines.

(6) For purposes of chapters 39.08, 39.12, 39.76, and 60.28 RCW, each work order issued shall be treated as a separate contract. The alternate filing provisions of RCW 39.12.040(2) apply to each work order that otherwise meets the eligibility requirements of RCW 39.12.040(2).

(7) The job order contract shall not be used for the procurement of architectural or engineering services not associated with specific work orders. Architectural and engineering services shall be procured in accordance with RCW 39.80.040.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 405.** A public body shall provide to the board 33 the following information for each job order contract at the end of 34 each contract year:

- 35 (1) A list of work orders issued;
- 36 (2) The cost of each work order;

1

(3) A list of subcontractors hired under each work order;

2 (4) If requested by the board, a copy of the intent to pay
3 prevailing wage and the affidavit of wages paid for each work order
4 subcontract; and

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(5) Any other information requested by the board.

## PART 5

## OTHER PROVISIONS

8 **Sec. 501.** RCW 39.10.120 and 2001 c 328 s 5 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

10 (((1) Except as provided in subsections (2) and (3) of this 11 The alternative public works contracting procedures section,)) authorized under this chapter are limited to public works contracts 12 signed before July 1, ((<del>2007</del>)) <u>2013</u>. 13 Methods of public works contracting authorized ((by RCW 39.10.050 and 39.10.060 or 39.10.051 14 15 and 39.10.061)) under this chapter shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts signed before July 1, ((2007)) 16 2013. 17

18 ((<del>(2)</del> For the purposes of a baseball stadium as defined in RCW 19 82.14.0485, the design build contracting procedures under RCW 39.10.050 20 shall remain in full force and effect until completion of contracts 21 signed before December 31, 1997.

22 (3) For the purposes of a stadium and exhibition center, as defined 23 in RCW 36.102.010, the design-build contracting procedures under RCW 24 39.10.050 or 39.10.051 shall remain in full force and effect until 25 completion of contracts signed before December 31, 2002.

(4) A public authority chartered by a city that is a public body 26 may utilize an alternative public works contracting procedure under 27 this chapter only after receiving specific authorization on a project-28 29 by project basis from the governing body of the city. For purposes of 30 public authorities authorized to use alternative public works contracting procedures under this chapter, the city chartering any such 31 32 public authority shall itself comply with RCW 39.10.030 on behalf of 33 the public authority.))

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 502.** Projects approved by the school district 35 project review board established under RCW 39.10.115, and the hospital

district project review board established under RCW 39.10.117 before 1 2 July 1, 2007, may proceed without the approval of the committee established in section 104 of this act. The board may grant an 3 exemption from any provision of this act for projects advertised before 4 the effective date of this section. A public body seeking an exemption 5 must submit a request in writing to the board no later than December 6 7 31, 2007. The board must respond to the request within sixty calendar 8 days.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 503. Projects using the design-build or general 10 contractor/construction manager contracting procedures in which 11 advertising for selection of a contractor has begun by the effective 12 date of this section but no contract has been awarded may proceed 13 without seeking approval of the committee under the processes in 14 sections 107 and 108 of this act.

15 Sec. 504. RCW 60.28.011 and 2003 c 301 s 7 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

(1) Public improvement contracts shall provide, and public bodies shall reserve, a contract retainage not to exceed five percent of the moneys earned by the contractor as a trust fund for the protection and payment of: (a) The claims of any person arising under the contract; and (b) the state with respect to taxes imposed pursuant to Title 82 RCW which may be due from such contractor.

(2) Every person performing labor or furnishing supplies toward the completion of a public improvement contract shall have a lien upon moneys reserved by a public body under the provisions of a public improvement contract. However, the notice of the lien of the claimant shall be given within forty-five days of completion of the contract work, and in the manner provided in RCW 39.08.030.

(3) The contractor at any time may request the contract retainage
 be reduced to one hundred percent of the value of the work remaining on
 the project.

(a) After completion of all contract work other than landscaping,
 the contractor may request that the public body release and pay in full
 the amounts retained during the performance of the contract, and sixty
 days thereafter the public body must release and pay in full the

amounts retained (other than continuing retention of five percent of 1 2 the moneys earned for landscaping) subject to the provisions of chapters 39.12 and 60.28 RCW. 3

(b) Sixty days after completion of all contract work the public 4 5 body must release and pay in full the amounts retained during the performance of the contract subject to the provisions of chapters 39.12 6 7 and 60.28 RCW.

(4) The moneys reserved by a public body under the provisions of a 8 9 public improvement contract, at the option of the contractor, shall be: 10

(a) Retained in a fund by the public body;

(b) Deposited by the public body in an interest bearing account in 11 a bank, mutual savings bank, or savings and loan association. Interest 12 13 on moneys reserved by a public body under the provision of a public 14 improvement contract shall be paid to the contractor;

(c) Placed in escrow with a bank or trust company by the public 15 16 body. When the moneys reserved are placed in escrow, the public body 17 shall issue a check representing the sum of the moneys reserved payable to the bank or trust company and the contractor jointly. This check 18 shall be converted into bonds and securities chosen by the contractor 19 20 and approved by the public body and the bonds and securities shall be 21 held in escrow. Interest on the bonds and securities shall be paid to 22 the contractor as the interest accrues.

(5) The contractor or subcontractor may withhold payment of not 23 24 more than five percent from the moneys earned by any subcontractor or 25 sub-subcontractor or supplier contracted with by the contractor to provide labor, materials, or equipment to the public project. Whenever 26 27 the contractor or subcontractor reserves funds earned by а subcontractor or sub-subcontractor or supplier, the contractor or 28 subcontractor shall pay interest to the subcontractor or sub-29 subcontractor or supplier at a rate equal to that received by the 30 31 contractor or subcontractor from reserved funds.

32 (6) A contractor may submit a bond for all or any portion of the contract retainage in a form acceptable to the public body and from a 33 bonding company meeting standards established by the public body. 34 The public body shall accept a bond meeting these requirements unless the 35 public body can demonstrate good cause for refusing to accept it. This 36 37 bond and any proceeds therefrom are subject to all claims and liens and 38 in the same manner and priority as set forth for retained percentages

in this chapter. The public body shall release the bonded portion of 1 the retained funds to the contractor within thirty days of accepting 2 the bond from the contractor. Whenever a public body accepts a bond in 3 lieu of retained funds from a contractor, the contractor shall accept 4 5 like bonds from any subcontractors or suppliers from which the contractor has retained funds. The contractor shall then release the 6 7 funds retained from the subcontractor or supplier to the subcontractor or supplier within thirty days of accepting the bond from the 8 9 subcontractor or supplier.

10 If the public body administering a contract, after (7) а substantial portion of the work has been completed, finds that an 11 12 unreasonable delay will occur in the completion of the remaining 13 portion of the contract for any reason not the result of a breach 14 thereof, it may, if the contractor agrees, delete from the contract the remaining work and accept as final the improvement at the stage of 15 completion then attained and make payment in proportion to the amount 16 17 of the work accomplished and in this case any amounts retained and accumulated under this section shall be held for a period of sixty days 18 following the completion. In the event that the work is terminated 19 before final completion as provided in this section, the public body 20 21 may thereafter enter into a new contract with the same contractor to 22 perform the remaining work or improvement for an amount equal to or less than the cost of the remaining work as was provided for in the 23 24 original contract without advertisement or bid. The provisions of this 25 chapter are exclusive and shall supersede all provisions and regulations in conflict herewith. 26

27 (8) Whenever the department of transportation has contracted for the construction of two or more ferry vessels, sixty days after 28 completion of all contract work on each ferry vessel, the department 29 must release and pay in full the amounts retained in connection with 30 the construction of the vessel subject to the provisions of RCW 31 32 60.28.020 and chapter 39.12 RCW. However, the department of transportation may at its discretion condition the release of funds 33 retained in connection with the completed ferry upon the contractor 34 delivering a good and sufficient bond with two or more sureties, or 35 with a surety company, in the amount of the retained funds to be 36 37 released to the contractor, conditioned that no taxes shall be 38 certified or claims filed for work on the ferry after a period of sixty

1 days following completion of the ferry; and if taxes are certified or 2 claims filed, recovery may be had on the bond by the department of 3 revenue and the materialmen and laborers filing claims.

4 (9) Except as provided in subsection (1) of this section,
5 reservation by a public body for any purpose from the moneys earned by
6 a contractor by fulfilling its responsibilities under public
7 improvement contracts is prohibited.

8 (10) Contracts on projects funded in whole or in part by farmers 9 home administration and subject to farmers home administration 10 regulations are not subject to subsections (1) through (9) of this 11 section.

12 (11) This subsection applies only to a public body that has 13 contracted for the construction of a facility using the general 14 contractor/construction manager procedure, as defined under RCW ((<del>39.10.061</del>)) <u>39.10.020 (as recodified by this act)</u>. If the work 15 performed by a subcontractor on the project has been completed within 16 17 the first half of the time provided in the general contractor/construction manager contract for completing the work, the 18 public body may accept the completion of the subcontract. The public 19 body must give public notice of this acceptance. After a forty-five 20 21 day period for giving notice of liens, and compliance with the 22 retainage release procedures in RCW 60.28.021, the public body may release that portion of the retained funds associated with the 23 24 subcontract. Claims against the retained funds after the forty-five 25 day period are not valid.

(12) Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitionsin this subsection apply throughout this section.

(a) "Contract retainage" means an amount reserved by a public bodyfrom the moneys earned by a person under a public improvement contract.

30 (b) "Person" means a person or persons, mechanic, subcontractor, or 31 materialperson who performs labor or provides materials for a public 32 improvement contract, and any other person who supplies the person with 33 provisions or supplies for the carrying on of a public improvement 34 contract.

35 (c) "Public body" means the state, or a county, city, town, 36 district, board, or other public body.

37 (d) "Public improvement contract" means a contract for public

improvements or work, other than for professional services, or a work
 order as defined in RCW 39.10.020 (as recodified by this act).

3 **Sec. 505.** RCW 70.150.070 and 2005 c 469 s 2 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

RCW 70.150.030 through 70.150.060 shall be deemed to provide an 5 6 additional method for the provision of services from and in connection 7 with facilities and shall be regarded as supplemental and additional to 8 powers conferred by other state laws and by federal laws. ((A public body that is also eligible to enter into agreements with service 9 10 providers under the alternative public works contracting procedures in 11 chapter 39.10 RCW may elect to use either RCW 39.10.051 and 39.10.061 or this chapter as its method of procurement for such services.)) 12

13NEW SECTION.Sec. 506.A new section is added to chapter 43.13114RCW to read as follows:

The alternative works contracting procedures under chapter 39.10 RCW shall be terminated June 30, 2013, as provided in section 507 of this act.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 507. A new section is added to chapter 43.131
19 RCW to read as follows:
20 The following the followin

The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter amended, are each repealed, effective June 30, 2014:

(1) RCW 39.10.010 (as recodified by this act) and section 1 of this act & 1994 c 132 s 1;

24 (2) RCW 39.10.020 (as recodified by this act) and section 101 of 25 this act & 2005 c 469 s 3;

26 (3) RCW 39.10.800 (as recodified by this act) and section 102 of 27 this act & 2005 c 377 s 1;

28 (4) RCW 39.10.810 (as recodified by this act) and section 103 of
29 this act & 2005 c 377 s 2;

30 (5) RCW 39.10.--- and section 104 of this act;

31 (6) RCW 39.10.--- and section 105 of this act;

32 (7) RCW 39.10.--- and section 106 of this act;

- 33 (8) RCW 39.10.--- and section 107 of this act;
- 34 (9) RCW 39.10.--- and section 108 of this act;

35 (10) RCW 39.10.--- and section 109 of this act;

(11) RCW 39.10.051 (as recodified by this act) and section 201 of 1 2 this act, 2003 c 352 s 2, 2003 c 300 s 4, 2002 c 46 s 1, & 2001 c 328 3 s 2; 4 (12) RCW 39.10.080 (as recodified by this act) and section 202 of 5 this act & 1994 c 132 s 8; (13) RCW 39.10.070 (as recodified by this act) and section 203 of 6 7 this act & 1994 c 132 s 7; 8 (14) RCW 39.10.--- and section 204 of this act; 9 (15) RCW 39.10.061 (as recodified by this act) and section 301 of this act, 2003 c 352 s 3, 2003 c 300 s 5, 2002 c 46 s 2, & 2001 c 328 10 11 s 3; (16) RCW 39.10.--- and section 302 of this act; 12 (17) RCW 39.10.--- and section 303 of this act; 13 (18) RCW 39.10.--- and section 304 of this act; 14 (19) RCW 39.10.--- and section 305 of this act; 15 16 (20) RCW 39.10.--- and section 306 of this act; (21) RCW 39.10.--- and section 307 of this act; 17 18 (22) RCW 39.10.--- and section 308 of this act; 19 (23) RCW 39.10.130 (as recodified by this act) and section 401 of this act & 2003 c 301 s 1; 20 (24) RCW 39.10.--- and section 402 of this act; 21 (25) RCW 39.10.--- and section 403 of this act; 22 23 (26) RCW 39.10.--- and section 404 of this act; (27) RCW 39.10.--- and section 405 of this act; 24 (28) RCW 39.10.100 (as recodified by this act) and 2005 c 274 s 275 25 & 1994 c 132 s 10; 26 27 (29) RCW 39.10.090 (as recodified by this act) and 1994 c 132 s 9; 28 (30) RCW 39.10.120 (as recodified by this act) and section 501 of 29 this act & 2001 c 328 s 5; 30 (31) RCW 39.10.--- and section 502 of this act; 31 (32) RCW 39.10.--- and section 503 of this act; 32 (33) RCW 39.10.900 (as recodified by this act) and 1994 c 132 s 13; 33 (34) RCW 39.10.901 (as recodified by this act) and 1994 c 132 s 14; 34 and 35 (35) RCW 39.10.--- and section 510 of this act. 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 508. RCW 39.10.902 (Repealer) and 2006 c 261 s

37 3 & 2005 c 469 s 5 are each repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 509. The following acts or parts of acts are
 each repealed:

3 (1) RCW 39.10.030 (Public notification and review process) and 1997
4 c 376 s 2 & 1994 c 132 s 3;

5 (2) RCW 39.10.040 (Baseball stadium project--Alternative procedure 6 may be used) and 1994 c 132 s 4;

7 (3) RCW 39.10.063 (City demonstration projects--Conditions-8 Contract deadline) and 2005 c 377 s 3;

9 (4) RCW 39.10.065 (Demonstration projects--Contract deadline--10 Transfer of authority to other public body) and 1997 c 376 s 5;

11 (5) RCW 39.10.067 (School district capital demonstration projects--12 Conditions) and 2006 c 261 s 1, 2003 c 301 s 3, 2002 c 46 s 3, & 2000 13 c 209 s 3;

14 (6) RCW 39.10.068 (Public hospital district capital demonstration
 15 projects--Conditions) and 2003 c 300 s 6;

16 (7) RCW 39.10.115 (School district project review board--17 Established--Procedures) and 2006 c 261 s 2, 2001 c 328 s 4, & 2000 c 18 209 s 4; and

(8) RCW 39.10.117 (Public hospital district project review board- Established--Procedures) and 2003 c 300 s 7.

21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 510. PART HEADINGS AND CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Part 22 headings and captions used in this act are not any part of the law.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 511. The following sections are codified or 24 recodified in chapter 39.10 RCW in the following order:

25 RCW 39.10.010

- 26 RCW 39.10.020
- 27 RCW 39.10.800
- 28 RCW 39.10.810
- 29 Section 104 of this act
- 30 Section 105 of this act
- 31 Section 106 of this act
- 32 Section 107 of this act
- 33 Section 108 of this act
- 34 Section 109 of this act
- 35 RCW 39.10.051
- 36 RCW 39.10.080

1	RCW 39.10.070
2	Section 204 of this act
3	RCW 39.10.061
4	Section 302 of this act
5	Section 303 of this act
6	Section 304 of this act
7	Section 305 of this act
8	Section 306 of this act
9	Section 307 of this act
10	Section 308 of this act
11	RCW 39.10.130
12	Section 402 of this act
13	Section 403 of this act
14	Section 404 of this act
15	Section 405 of this act
16	RCW 39.10.100
17	RCW 39.10.090
18	RCW 39.10.120
19	Section 502 of this act
20	Section 503 of this act
21	RCW 39.10.900
22	RCW 39.10.901
23	Section 510 of this act

NEW SECTION. Sec. 512. This act is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes effect July 1, 2007, except for section 104 of this act, which takes effect immediately, and section 508 of this act, which takes effect June 30, 2007.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 513. If any provision of this act or its 31 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 32 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 33 persons or circumstances is not affected.

> Passed by the House April 17, 2007. Passed by the Senate April 5, 2007. Approved by the Governor May 15, 2007. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 16, 2007.